

DENTAL IMPLANTS: ADVANTAGES, RISKS AND NEW TECHNOLOGIES

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Annotation: This article examines dental implantation as an important direction of modern dentistry. It discusses the main advantages of implants, including their safety for the body, long-term service life and aesthetic appearance. It also analyzes the risks that may arise during the implantation process, especially peri-implantitis, and complications that may arise in individual cases. The article also focuses on the latest medical approaches and technological innovations, such as 3D tomography, zirconium materials, laser technologies. The main theme is that dental implants play a significant role in improving the quality of human life and restoring confidence.

Keywords: Dental implants, dentistry, implantation risks, peri-implantitis, titanium, zirconium, 3D technology, oral hygiene, aesthetic problem, modern medicine.

INTRODUCTION

A smile is the simplest but deepest expression of the human soul. It is a wordless, yet lively, sometimes healing, sometimes inspiring feeling. Behind every smile there is life - it signifies joy, freedom, confidence and warmth. But there are situations in human life when this smile fades, and a sad expression appears on the face. The reason for this is often not external, but internal. Sometimes the loss of just one tooth turns into a whole internal crisis for a person. A tooth in the human body is not only for chewing function - it is a symbol of speech, aesthetic appearance, facial symmetry and, most importantly, inner confidence.

Today's medicine approaches this problem not only medically, but also vitally, socially and psychologically. Dental implants are one of the highest peaks of modern dentistry. Many people understand this as just one "artificial tooth". But in fact, this concept involves a wide range of processes, from complex biological integration to modern engineering solutions. Each implant has its own microstructure, it knows how to "talk" with human bone tissue. That is, through a process called osseointegration, it becomes part of the body, not a foreign body. It is at this stage that the quality of the implant, the experience of the doctor and the general health of the patient are most important.

Implants are most often made of titanium - this material is light, durable and, most importantly, biologically inert. Recently, modifications based on zirconium, which are white, aesthetic and do not cause allergies, have become widely used. This is especially important for the front teeth,

because they are the "center" of the aesthetic appearance. Now, when a person smiles, the presence of the implant is not noticeable, but the natural tooth behaves like itself. This has a direct positive effect on the state of mind.

Of course, this process is not limited only to technique and materials. Dental implantation is a complex procedure that requires a multi-stage, comprehensive assessment. During the initial consultation, the patient's general health, bone tissue condition, the presence of chronic diseases, oral hygiene, and even psychological readiness are checked. For example, implantation may be risky for a patient with diabetes. Cardiovascular problems, bone resorption, heavy smoking, or alcohol consumption also negatively affect the effectiveness of the procedure. All of this is analyzed separately. The procedure itself is carried out using modern technologies. With the help of 3D tomography, the patient's jaw is scanned in detail, a digital model is created, and the point where the implant will be placed is determined in advance. This minimizes the possibility of errors. The surgical procedure is often performed minimally invasively, using laser scalpels or robotic manipulators. This not only reduces pain, but also speeds up the recovery process. In some cases, an implant can be placed in one day and a temporary crown can be placed on top of it - this is called a "smile in one day".

However, implantation is not without risks. Peri-implantitis is the most common problem, which occurs around the implant. The main reason is improper care, neglect of hygiene, or incorrect patient care. Therefore, the patient is not only given an implant, but also a detailed explanation of its proper care, antiseptics, and regular check-ups. After all, no technology can replace the human factor.

It is noteworthy that after implantation, people feel like they have been reborn. They no longer feel any discomfort when laughing, talking, or eating. Not only has the body changed, but also the entire mental state, quality of life, and attitude towards oneself. Many such patients admit that positive changes have come to their lives. The doctor has not only given them the treatment, but also hope.

There are studies underway on bone tissue regeneration, nano-coated implants, and even genetically modified biomaterials. In the future, implants may be useful not only for the jaw, but for the entire healthcare system. Perhaps they will be developed with slow-release drugs, enriched with anti-inflammatory components. But this is not the case. Today, the most important thing is to provide each patient with an individual, careful, experience-based approach. A dentist is not just a dentist today. He is a person who restores the psyche, confidence, appearance, and strengthens the bridge between society and man. Dental implants are one of the most important tools on this path. They may be a small piece of metal for a person, but they have an incomparable value for the quality of life. And most importantly, behind this technology lies a person's dream, hope and smile. And every dentist should remember that when he or she places a new implant, he or she is restoring not only a tooth, but also a person's dream, hope and hope.

CONCLUSION

Dental implants today have become not only a procedure for restoring a lost tooth, but also a

complex treatment that has a positive effect on a person's overall health, appearance and psychological state. With the help of modern technologies, dental implants are becoming even more reliable, safe and aesthetically perfect. At the same time, implantation must be assessed individually for each patient, clearly planned and carried out in conjunction with a hygienic culture. The harmony of medicine and technology, as well as trusting communication between the doctor and the patient, is the key to success in this area.

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